ZETTLER DISPLAYS

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY

	CUSTOMER APP	PROVAL	
× DADT NO.	. ATMO700161 CTN1	ZETTI ED DICI	DLANC) VED11
* PAKI NU	: ATM0700L6L-CTN (PLAYS) VER1.1
APPROVAL		COMPANY CHOP	
CUSTOMER			
COMMENTS			

ZETTLER DISPLAYS ENGINEERING APPROVAL							
DESIGNED BY CHECKED BY APPROVED BY							
GZC	XW	GuZH					

REVISION RECORD

	KECUKD		
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	L	1	1

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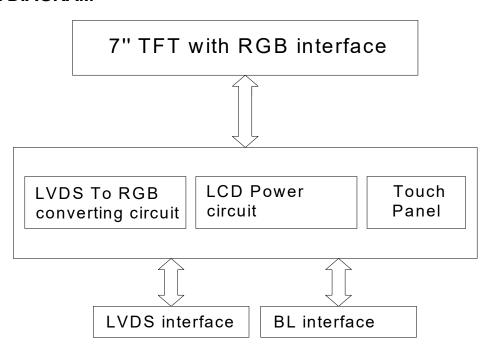
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1.0 GENERAL SPECIFICATION

Item	Specification	Remark
1. LCD size	7.00 inch(Diagonal)	
2. Driver element	a-Si TFT active matrix	
3. Resolution	800x(RGB)x480	
4. Display mode	Normally white, Transmissive	
5. Dot Pitch (W*H)	0.0642mm(W) x 0.1790mm(H)	
6. Pixel pitch(W*H)	0.1926mm(W) x 0.1790mm(H)	
7. Active Area(W*H)	154.08mm(W) x 85.92mm(H)	
8. Module size (W*H)	166.1mm(W) x 101.2mm(H) x13.05mm (D)	Note 1
9. Surface treatment	Glear	
10. Color arrangement	RGB-stripe	
11. Color	262K	
12. Viewing angle	L/R/T/B: 70/70/70/50	
13. Interface	18bit LVDS interface	
14. LCD controller	N.A.	
15. LCM Brightness	900 cd/m2 (Typ.)	
16. Backlight driving condition	250mA @16.5V(Typ.)	
17. Touch panel	Capacitive	
18. Touch controller	FT7311	
19 Operation Temperature	-20~70 °C	
20. Weight	313g(Typ.)	
21. RoHS/REACH	RoHS/REACH compliant	

Note 1: Please refer to mechanical drawing.

2.0 BLOCK DIAGRAM



3.0 PIN ASSIGNMENT

Connector on LCM : HIROSE DF19G-20P-1H or compatible, mating with HIROSE DF19-20S-1C or compatible

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	TX0-	Negative LVDS differential data input(R0-R5,G0)*3
2	TX0+	Positive LVDS differential data input(R0-R5,G0)*3
3	VSS*1	Ground
4	TX1-	Negative LVDS differential data input(G1-G5,B0-B1)*3
5	TX1+	Positive LVDS differential data input(G1-G5,B0-B1)*3
6	VSS*1	Ground
7	TX2-	Negative LVDS differential data input(B2-R5,HS,VS,DE)*3
8	TX2+	Positive LVDS differential data input(B2-R5,HS,VS,DE)*3
9	VSS*1	Ground
10	CLK-	Clock Signal(-)
11	CLK+	Clock signal(+)
12	VSS*1	Ground
13	NC*2	Non Connection(open)
14	NC*2	Non Connection(open)
15	VDD	+3.3V power supply for logic and LCM power
16	VDD	+3.3V power supply for logic and LCM power
17	BL_A	Backlight anode(Not used, Reserved for backlight anode input)
18	BL_K	Backlight cathode(Not used, Reserved for backlight cathode input)
19	NC	No connection
20	VSS*1	Ground

Connector of BL cable: Molex 51004-0200 or compatible, mating with Molex 53015-0210 or compatible

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	A(pink)	Anode electrode
2	K(black)	Cathode electrode

Note 1) Please connect VSS pin to ground. Don't use it as no-connect nor connection with high impedance.

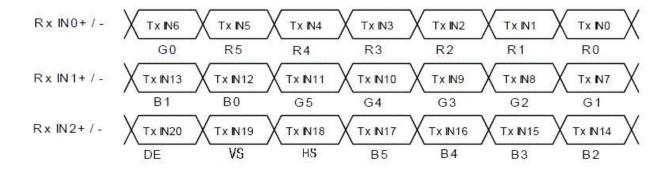
Note 2) Please connect NC pin to nothing. Don't connect it to ground nor to other signal input.

Note 3) Refer to next page.

RECOMMENDED TRANSMITTER(DS90C365) TO LCM INTERFACE ASSIGNMENT

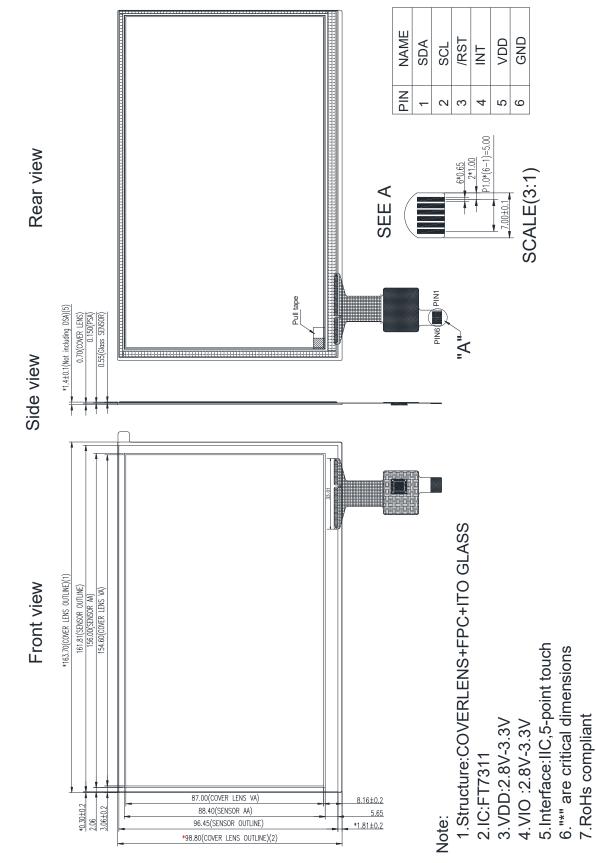
		č×.	DS90C365		LT084AC27500 Interface (CN1)	
Input Terr	minal No.		Input Signal (Graphics controller output signal)	Output Signal		
Symbol	Terminal	Symbol	Function	Symbol	Terminal	Symbol
TxIN0	44	R0	Red Pixels Display Data (LSB)		1	100
TxIN1	45	R1	Red Pixels Display Data		No 5	
TxIN2	47	R2	Red Pixels Display Data	TxOUT0-		RxIN0-
TxIN3	48	R3	Red Pixels Display Data	TxOUT0+	No.6	RxIN0+
TxIN4	1	R4	Red Pixels Display Data	1200101	140.0	IXAINO
TxIN5	3	R5	Red Pixels Display Data (MSB)			
TxIN6	4	G0	Green Pixels Display Data (LSB)			
TxIN7	6	G1	Green Pixels Display Data		No.8 No.9	
TxIN8	7	G2	Green Pixels Display Data			
TxIN9	9	G3	Green Pixels Display Data	TxOUT1-		RxIN1- RxIN1+
TxIN10	10	G4	Green Pixels Display Data	TxOUT1-		
TxIN11	12	G5	Green Pixels Display Data (MSB)	TXOUT I+		
TxIN12	13	B0	Blue Pixels Display Data (LSB)			
TxIN13	15	B1	Blue Pixels Display Data			
TxIN14	16	B2	Blue Pixels Display Data		12	
TxIN15	18	B3	Blue Pixels Display Data			
TxIN16	19	B4	Blue Pixels Display Data	T. OUTO	NIS 44	D INIO
TxIN17	20	B5	Blue Pixels Display Data (MSB)	TxOUT2-	No.11 No.12	RxIN2- RxIN2+
TxIN18	22	HS	Horizontal sync		NO.12	KXIIVZ+
TxIN19			Vertical sync			
TxIN20	25	DE	Compound Synchronization Signal			
TxCLK IN	26	NCLK	Data Sampling Clock	TxCLK OUT- TxCLK OUT+	No.14 No.15	CLK- CLK+

Note 1) Please connect NC pin to nothing. Don't connect it to ground nor to other signal input.



Touch Panel Section

Recommended connector: Hirose FH12-6S-1SH(55) or compatible



4.0 Operating Specification

4.1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating temperature	Тор	-20	-	70	°C
Storage temperature	Tst	-30	-	80	°C
Input voltage	Vin	Vss-0.3	-	Vdd+0.3	V
Supply voltage for logic	Vdd- Vss	-0.3	-	3.6	V

4.1.1 Typical Operation Conditions

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{ extsf{DD}}$	Ta=25°C	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Power Supply current	I _{DD}	V _{DD} =3.3V	-	140	-	mA
Input voltage (high)	Vih	H level	2.0	-	Vdd	V
Input voltage (low)	Vil	L level	Vss	-	0.8	V

4.1.2 Backlight driving conditions

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
Backlight Voltage (To LED directly)	V_BL	I _{BL} =250mA	15	16.5	17.5	V	Note1
LED life time			30000			Н	Note2,3

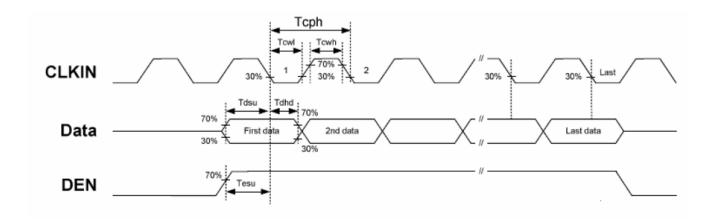
Note 1: The LED Supply Voltage is defined by the number of LED at Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C and I_{BL} =250mA.

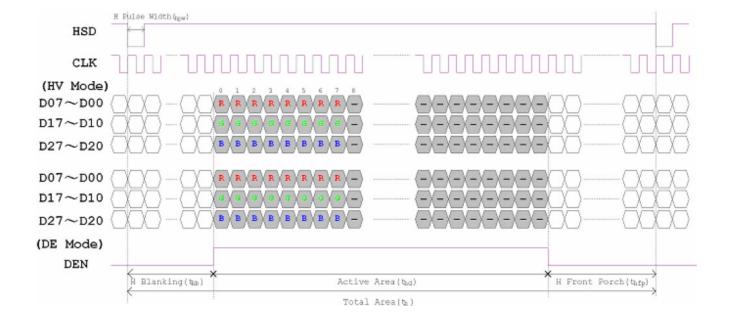
Note 2: The "LED life time" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at Ta=25°C and $I_{BL}=250$ mA.

Note 3: Please make sure the LCM works under well heat dissipated condition, and to prolong the lifetime, please reduce the driving current when environment temperature increases,.

4.2 TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

4.2.1 Data Input Format





4.2.2 AC Electrical Characteristics

ltem	Cumbal		Values	Unit	Remark	
item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
HS setup time	Thst	8	-	-	Ns	
HS hold time	Thhd	8	-	-	Ns	
VS setup time	Tvst	8	-	-	Ns	
VS hold time	Tvhd	8	-	-	Ns	
Data setup time	Tdsu	8	-	-	Ns	
Data hole time	Tdhd	8	-	-	Ns	
DE setup time	Tesu	8	-	-	Ns	
DE hole time	Tehd	8	-	-	Ns	
VDD Power On Slew rate	Tpor	-	-	20	ms	
RSTB pulse width	TRst	10	-	-	us	
CLKIN cycle time	Tcoh	20	-	-	Ns	
CLKIN pulse duty	Towh	40	50	60	%	
Output stable time	Tsst	-	-	6	us	

4.2.3 Timing

Item	Symbol	,	Values	Unit	Remark	
item	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onn	Remark
Horizontal Display Area	thd		800		DCLK	
DCLK Frequency	fclk	26.4	33.3	46.8	MHz	
One Horizontal Line	th	862	1056	1200	DCLK	
HS Pulse Width	thpw	1		40	DCLK	
HS Blanking	thb	46	46	46	DCLK	
HS Front Porch	thfp	16	210	354	DCLK	

Item	Symbol	,	Values	Unit	Remark	
item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit	Remark
Vertical Display Area	tvd		480		TH	
VS Period Time	tv	510	525	650	TH	
VS Pulse Width	tvpw	1		20	TH	
VS Blanking	tvb	23	23	23	TH	
VS Front Porch	tvfp	7	22	147	TH	

5.0 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Condition		Values		Unit	Remark	
item	Зуньон	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit	Kemark	
	θ_{L}	Φ=180°(9 O'CLOCK)	60	70			Note 1	
Viewing Angle	θ_{R}	Φ=0°(3 O'CLOCK)	60	70		dograa		
(CR≥10)	θ_{T}	Φ=90°(12 O'CLOCK)	60	70		degree		
	Φ=270°(6 O'CLOCK)	40	50					
Response Time	T _{ON +} T _{OFF}			25	50	msec	Note 3	
Contrast Ratio	CR		400	500			Note 4	
	W _X	Normal	0.26	0.31	0.36		Note 2	
Color Chromaticity	W _Y	Θ=Φ=0°	0.28	0.33	0.38		Note 5	
	VVY	$\Theta = \Psi = 0$					Note 6	
Luminance	L		850	900		cd/m ²	Note 6	
Luminance Uniformity	YU		75	80		%	Note 7	

Test Conditions:

- 1. I_{BL} =250mA (Backlight current), the ambient temperature is 25 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 2. The test systems refer to Note 2.

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range

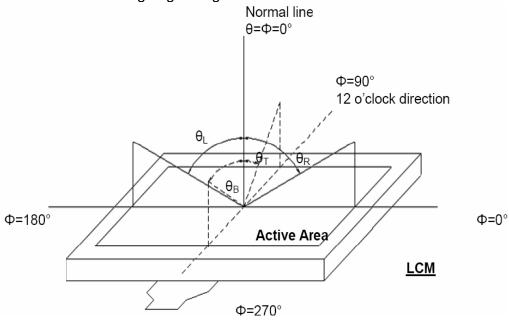


Figure 5.1 Definition of viewing angle.

Note 2: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 30 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. (Response time is measured by Photo detector TOPCON

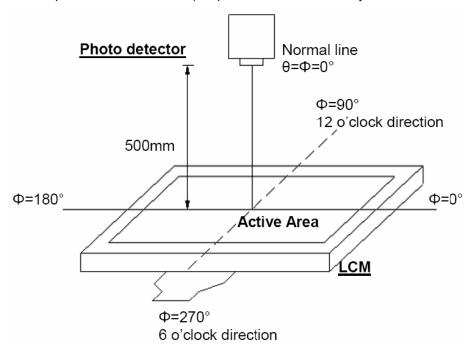


Figure 5.2 Optical measurement system setup

Note 3: Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (TON) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (TOFF) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.

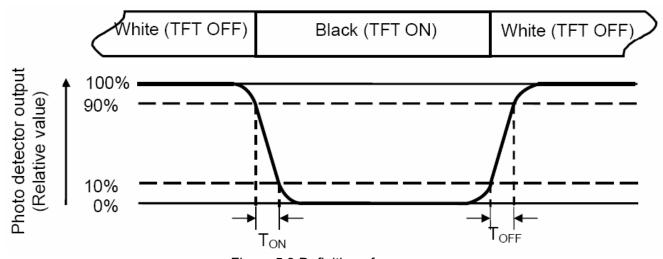


Figure 5.3 Definition of response.

Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio(CR)= Luminance measured when LCD on the "white" state Luminance measured when LCD on the "black" state

Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

Note 6: All input terminals LCD panel must be ground while measuring the center area of the panel.

Note 7: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer to Fig. 5.4). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

ring area.

Luminance Uniformity (Yu) =
$$\frac{B_{min}}{B_{max}}$$

L-----Active area length W----- Active area width

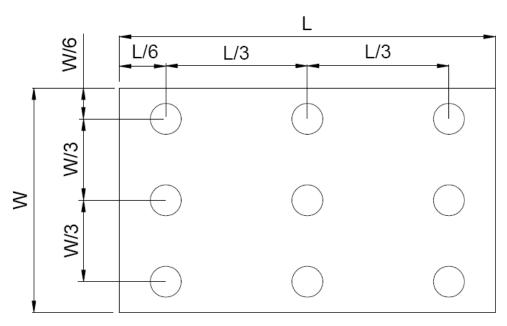


Figure 5.4 Definition of measuring points.

Bmax: The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position. Bmin: The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

6.0 RELIABILITY TEST

NO	Test Item		Description	Test Condition	Remark
1		High temperature storage	Applying the high storage temperature Under normal humidity for a long time Check normal performance	80 ° C 96hrs	
2	Environmental Test	Low temperature storage	Applying the low storage temperature Under normal humidity for a long time Check normal performance	-30°C 96hrs	
3		High temperature Operation	Apply the electric stress(Volatge and current) Under high temperature for a long time	70 ° C 96hrs	Note1
4		Low temperature Operation	Apply the electric stress Under low temperature for a long time	-20 ° C 96hrs	Note1 Note2
5		High temperature/High Humidity Storage	Apply high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time	90% RH 40°C 96hrs	Note2
6		Temperature Cycle	Apply the low and high temperature cycle -30°C <> 25°C <> 80°C <> 25°C 30min 10min 30min 10min 1 cycle Check normal performance	-30°C/80°C 10 cycle	
7	Mechanical Test	Vibration test(Package state)	Applying vibration to product check normal performance	Freq:10-55Hz Max Acceleration 5G 1cycle time:1min time X.Y.Z direction for 15 mines	
8		Shock test(package state)	Applying shock to product check normal performance	Drop them through 70cm height to strike horizontal plane	
9	Other			•	

Remark

Note1:Normal operations condition (25°C±5°C).

Note2:Pay attention to keep dewdrops from the module during this test.

7.0 PRECAUTION FOR USING LCM

- 1. When design the product with this LCD Module, make sure the viewing angle matches to its purpose of usage.
- 2. As LCD panel is made of glass substrate, dropping the LCD module or banging it against hard objects may cause cracking or fragmentation. Especially at corners and edges.
- 3. Although the polarizer of this LCD Module has the anti-glare coating, always be careful not to scratch its surface. Use of a plastic cover is recommended to protect the surface of polarizer.
- 4. If the LCD module is stored below specified temperature, the LC material may freeze and be deteriorated. If it is stored above specified temperature, the molecular orientation of the LC material may change to Liquid state and it may not revert to its original state. And also excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarizer peel off or bubble. Therefore, the LCD module should always be stored within specified temperature and humidity range.

If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend temperature/humidity for the storage environment is:

Temperature : 15°C ~ 35°C / Relatively humidity: ≤80%

- Meanwhile please follow other requirements below for storage:
- -Store with no touch on display surface by the anything else. If possible, store the LCD in the packaging situation when it was delivered.
- -If the original package is opened, please store in an anti-static polyethylene bag and seal it so as not to get fresh air outside enter into it.
- LCD modules shall be stored in a dark place. And it shall not be exposed to sunlight nor fluorescent light in storage.

Note: If the storage time is over 1 year, the golden fingers of FPC might be slightly oxidized, but it won't affect the electrical performance, customer can use rubber to clean the golden fingers before assembly or directly assemble the display.

6. Saliva or water droplets must be wiped off immediately as those may leave stains or cause color changes if is remained there for a long time. And water vapor will cause corrosion of ITO electrodes.

If the surface of LCD panel needs to be cleaned, wipe it swiftly with cotton or other soft dry cloth. If it is not still clean enough, blow a breath on the surface and wipe again.

If needed, please just moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents
- 7. The module should be driven according to the specified ratings to avoid malfunction and permanent damage. Applying DC voltage cause a rapid deterioration of LC material. Make sure to apply alternating waveform by continuous application of the M signal. Especially the power ON/OFF sequence should be kept to avoid latch-up of driver LSIs and DC charge up to LCD panel.
- 8. Mechanical Considerations
 - a) LCM are assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Avoid excessive shocks and do not make any alterations or modifications. The following should be noted.
 - b) Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the metal frame.
 - c) Do not modify the PCB by drilling extra holes, changing its outline, moving its components or modifying its pattern.
- 9. Static Electricity
 - a) Operator

Wear the electrostatics shielded clothes because human body may be statically charged if not ware shielded clothes. Never touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads; the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.

b) Equipment

There is a possibility that the static electricity is charged to the equipment, which has a function of peeling or friction action (ex: conveyer, soldering iron, working table). Earth the equipment through proper resistance (electrostatic earth: 1x10⁸ ohm).

Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.

If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be well grounded and shielded from commutator sparks.

The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches; for the latter conductive (rubber) mat is recommended.

c) Floor

Floor is the important part to drain static electricity, which is generated by operators or equipment.

There is a possibility that charged static electricity is not properly drained in case of insulating floor. Set the electrostatic earth (electrostatic earth: 1x10⁸ ohm).

d) Humidity

Proper humidity helps in reducing the chance of generating electrostatic charges. Humidity should be kept between 50%RH and 80%RH.

e) Transportation/storage

The storage materials also need to be anti-static treated because there is a possibility that the human body or storage materials such as containers may be statically charged by friction or peeling.

The modules should be kept in antistatic bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.

f) Soldering

Soldering anything to this TFT display would void the warranty.

g) Others

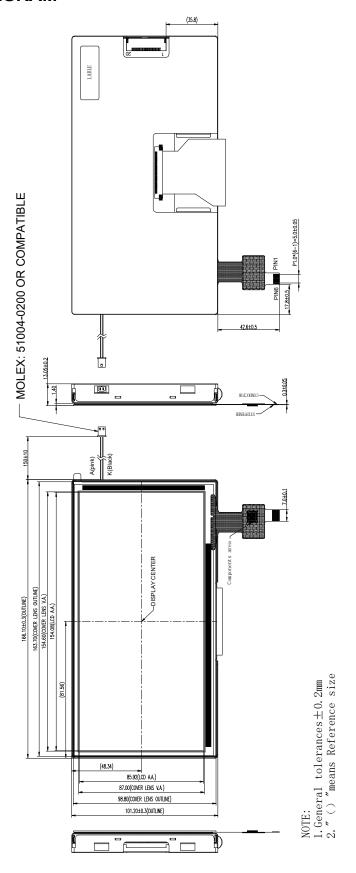
The laminator (protective film) is attached on the surface of LCD panel to prevent it from scratches or stains. It should be peeled off slowly using static eliminator.

Static eliminator should also be installed to the workbench to prevent LCD module from static charge.

10. Operation

- a) Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage shortens display life.
- b) Response time increases with decrease in temperature.
- c) Display may turn black or dark blue at temperatures above its operational range; this is (however not pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
- d) Mechanical disturbance during operation (such as pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
- 11. If any fluid leaks out of a damaged glass cell, wash off any human part that comes into contact with soap and water. The toxicity is extremely low but caution should be exercised at all the time.
- 12. Disassembling the LCD module can cause permanent damage and it should be strictly avoided.
- 13. LCD retains the display pattern when it is applied for long time (Image retention). To prevent image retention, do not apply the fixed pattern for a long time. Image retention is not a deterioration of LCD. It will be removed after display pattern is changed.
- 14. Do not use any materials, which emit gas from epoxy resin (hardener for amine) and silicone adhesive agent (dealcohol or deoxym) to prevent discoloration of polarizer due to gas.
- 15. Avoid the exposure of the module to the direct sunlight or strong ultraviolet light for a long time.

8.0 MECHANICAL DIAGRAM



9.0 PACKAGE DRAWING

TBD.

10.0 INSPECTION SPECIFICATION

1. SCOPE SPECIFICATIONS CONTAIN

- 1.1 DISPLAY QUALITY EVALUATION
- 1.2 MECHANICS SPECIFICATION

2. SAMPLING PLAN

UNLESS THERE IS OTHER AGREEMENT, THE SAMPLING PLAN FOR INCOMING INSPECTION SHALL FOLLOW MIL-STD-105E.

- 2.1 LOT SIZE: QUANTITY PER SHIPMENT AS ONE LOT (DIFFERENT MODEL AS DIFFERENT LOT).
- 2.2 SAMPLING TYPE: NORMAL INSPECTION, SINGLE SAMPLING.
- 2.3 SAMPLING LEVEL: LEVEL II.
- 2.4 AQL: ACCEPTABLE QUALITY LEVEL

MAJOR DEFECT: AQL=0.65 MINOR DEFECT: AQL=1.0

3. PANEL INSPECTION CONDITION

3.1 ENVIRONMENT:

ROOM TEMPERATURE: 25±5°C.

HUMIDITY: 65±5% RH.

ILLUMINATION: 300 ~ 700 LUX.

3.2 INSPECTION DISTANCE:

35±5 CM

3.3 INSPECTION ANGLE:

THE VISION OF INSPECTOR SHOULD BE PERPENDICULAR TO THE SURFACE OF THE MODULE.

3.4 INSPECTION TIME:

PERCEPTIBILITY TEST TIME: 20 SECONDS MAX.

4. DISPLAY QUALITY

4.1 FUNCTION RELATED:

THE FUNCTION DEFECTS OF LINE DEFECT, ABNORMAL DISPLAY, AND NO DISPLAY ARE CONSIDERED

MAJOR DEFECTS.

4.2 BRIGHT/DARK DOTS:

Defect Type	Specification	Major	Minor
Bright Dots	N≦2		•
Drak Dots	N≦3		•
Total Bright and Dark Dots	N≦4		•

Note: 1:

The definition of dot: The size of a defective dot over 1/2 of whole dot is regarded as one defective dot.

Bright dot: Dots appear bright and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under black pattern.

The bright dot defect must be visible through 2% ND filter

Dark dot: Dots appear dark and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under pure red, green, blue pattern.

4.3 Pixel Definition:

R	G	В	R	G	В	R	G	В	Dot Defect
R	O	В	R	O	В	R	G	В	Adjacent Dot Defect
R	G	В	R	G	В	R	G	В	Cluster

Note 1:

If pixel or partial sub-pixel defects exceed 50% of the affected pixel or sub-pixel area, it shall be considered as 1 defect.

Note 2:

There should be no distinct non-uniformity visible through 2% ND Filter within 2 sec inspection times.

4.4Visual Inspection specifications:

De	efect Type	Specification Size	Count (N)	Major	Minor
	Oot shape	D≤0.25mm	Ignored		
	cratch and Bubbles in splay area)	0.25mm <d≤0.5mm< td=""><td>N≤3</td><td></td><td>•</td></d≤0.5mm<>	N≤3		•
		D>0.5mm	N=0		
Nonton Diam	(Only for Toylob money)	D≤70mm	N≤4		
Newton King	(Only for Touch panel)	D>70mm	N=0		
TCD Figh Fyor	(Only for Touch nanel)	0.1mm <d≤0.2mm< td=""><td>N≤4</td><td></td><td></td></d≤0.2mm<>	N≤4		
•	s (Only for Touch panel) ubble/Dent)	0.2mm <d≤0.3mm< td=""><td>N≤3</td><td></td><td>•</td></d≤0.3mm<>	N≤3		•
(5)	abble/Bellt)	0.3mm <d≤0.4mm< td=""><td>N≤2</td><td></td><td></td></d≤0.4mm<>	N≤2		
	ine shape	W≤0.01mm	Ignored		
	ratch、Lint and Bubbles lisplay area)	0.01mm <w≤0.05mm, and="" l≤3mm<="" td=""><td>N≤3</td><td></td><td>•</td></w≤0.05mm,>	N≤3		•
		W $>$ 0.05mm $, or L>3mm$	N=0		
Bubble ir	n cell (active area)	It should be found by eyes	•		•
	Scratch	No harm			•
Bezel	Dirt	No harm		•	
Dezei	Wrap	No harm			•
	Sunken	No harm			•
	No label	No			•
	Inverted label	No			•
	Broken	No			•
Label	Dirt	Word can be read			•
Label	Not clear	No			•
	Word out of shape	No			•
	Mistake	No			•
	Position	Be attached on right position			•
Screw	Not enough	No			•
Screw	Limp	No			•
Connector	Connection status	No bend on PINs and damage			•
FPC/FFC	Broken	No			•

Note: Extraneous substance and scratch not affecting the display of image, for instance, extraneous substance under polarizer film but outside the display area, or scratch on metal bezel and backlight module or polarizer film outside the display area, shall not be considered as defective or non-conforming.